Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury.

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TERMS.

[Tw]o Dollars per annum.—$1 in advance. No Paper will be discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editors) until arrearages are paid.

Terms of Advertising.—Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for $1, and 17 cents for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

QUILLS.

[W]m. & J.H. Barber,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

[A] LARGE Assortment of QUILLS, from 67 Cents to $3 per hundred.

ALSO,

A NEW ASSORTMENT OF

[A]CCOUNT BOOKS,

Of every description, and price.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $3 per [rea]m; Letter Do. of various kinds; and Wrapping Paper.

[B]ooks & Stationary.

[S]CHOOL-BOOKS of every kind in [use] in Town and the County, consisting of Geographies of all kinds;—[Wal]ker's Dictionaries; Daboll's, Col[bur]n's and Staniford's Arithmetics; [Mur]ray's and Ingersoll's Grammar; N. [Yor]k Expositor; Murray's Reader, Se[que]l and Exercises; Whelpley's Com[pen]d; History of the U. S. for Schools. [N]ewport, Jan. 30.

WOOD.

[S]EALED Proposals will be received by the Subscriber, until the 1st of June [next], for supplying WOOD for the use of [the] Troops in the Harbor of Newport, not [exceed]ing in the whole, 280 Cords.—[illegible] Cords to be delivered by the 1st of [illegible], and the delivery to be completed by [the] 1st of November next. The whole to [be g]ood merchantable Oak Wood, measuring 128 cubic feet to the Cord. [B]onds will be required for the faithful [perf]ormance of the contract, supported by [g]ood and sufficient sureties.

F. N. BARBARIN, 1st Lieut. 3d Art.
A. Asst. Quartermaster.

[F]ort Wolcott, March 27, 1830.

FRESH BEEF

[S]EALED Proposals will be received by the Subscriber, until the 15th day of [ne]xt, for supplying FRESH BEEF [to th]e Troops in the Harbor of Newport, [for] One Year, commencing on the 1st day [of J]une. The Beef to be of a good and [whole]some quality, in quarters, with an [equal] proportion of each, in such quantities [as m]ay be from time to time required, not [exce]eding three times each week, on such days [as s]hall be designated by the Assistant [Com]missary of Subsistence.—Bonds will be [requ]ired for the faithful performance of the [cont]ract, supported by two good and sufficient sureties.

F. N. BARBARIN, 1st Lt. 3d Art.
A. A. Commiss. of Subsistence.

[F]ort-Wolcott, March 27, 1830.

[N]arragansett Bank.

[A]T the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Institution, this day, [the] following persons were elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz.—Peleg [illegible], Willett Carpenter, [illegible], Jabez Bullock, Chris[toph]er Spen[cer], [illegible] Reynolds, Euclid [illegible], Benjamin C. [illegible], Gideon Free[born], [illegible], Allen M. Thomas, [illegible].

[A]t a subsequent meeting of the Directors [t]he same day, [illegible], Esq. [was] re-elected President, and [illegible] BURGE, *Cashier.*

[W]ickford, April 5, 1830.

TO LET,

And immediate Possession given,

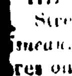
[T]HE SHOP, No. 123, Thames-Street, recently occupied by *G. [D]uncan.*—*ALSO,* One or more good [sto]res on Perry's Wharf.—Apply to

GEORGE ENGS.

Newport, April 3.

TO LET,

[An]d *Possession given the 15th April next*



[T]HE North part of the House, late belonging to *Robert Robinson, dec.* consisting of one front room, kitchen, wash [roo]m, & one lodging room below stairs, [thr]ee chambers, with half of the garret, [an]d cellar, and half of a large Garden. [Fo]r terms, apply to

ROBINSON POTTER.

Newport, March 27.

N. SWEET,

WILL OPEN THIS DAY, AT

112,

CHEAP-SIDE,—THAMES-STREET.

30 Packages of ELEGANT GOODS,

Just Received from the late Arrivals at New-York and Boston,

Of the Newest Patterns, with the latest Fashions.

☞ His Old Customers, and the Public, are invited to call, and look at his GOODS, and he pledges himself to give them,

REAL BARGAINS,

And much Goods, for a little Money.

Newport, Saturday, April 17, 1830.

NEW GOODS.

A HANDSOME SUPPLY OF

NEW AND FASHIONABLE

GOODS,

ARE JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW-YORK, AND WILL BE SOLD CHEAP, BY

JOHN F. TOWNSEND,

Newport, April 10, 1830.

☞ There never was a time like the present *FOR CHEAP GOODS,*

AT TILLEY'S.

HE is Selling them at the lowest possible prices, and invites his Friends & Customers to give him a call before they purchase. The prices of a few articles are mentioned below, and all his Goods,(having a complete Assortment) proportionably Cheap, viz:—

LEGHORNS from 5s to 54s each flat,
Elegant Shawls at all prices,
Nice white Lace 6-4 wide, 7s6 to 9s per yd.
Nice black do. 5 & 6-4 do. 9s to 15 per yd.
Superb Bedtickings 20 cents per yard,
Worsted Braids for trimmings, 25 cts. doz.
Plushes for Children's Hats, at 2s the yard.
Good Linen Handkerchiefs, 25 to 33 centt.
No. 25 Tapes, for only 25 cents a doz.
More of 4-4 Bleached Cottons, at 9d,
With at least one thousand other articles,
Among them, 21 Pieces of Broadcloth, of every color and quality, and Two or Three pieces a little damaged, to be sold at a reduced price.

Newport, April 3.

FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE.

WHEREAS Samuel M. Burnsille has claimed indemnity for loss on property insured to him by Policy Number 2410, issued by the Providence Mutual Fire Insurance Company, the premises thereby insured, having been destroyed by Fire on the 13th ult.—Therefore, for the purpose of paying said loss, the Board of Directors of said Company have ordered an assessment of one and one quarter per cent. on the original amount of the deposite notes in the funds at the time of said Fire, to be paid to the Treasurer within thirty days after the 13th of April inst.

WILLIAM WILKINSON, *Treasurer.*

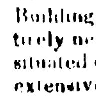
Providence, April 2, 1830.

E. W. LAWTON,

Agent of said Company for the Town of Newport and its vicinity, will duly discharge such as make payment within the time specified, during the hours of business, at his Store, No. 172 & 171, Thames-st.

Newport, April 17, 1830.

FOR SALE,



THAT elegant and well-known FARM in Portsmouth, the property of the Subscriber, called Prescot Place.—It is situated on the west road, 4 1-2 miles from Newport, and contains 76 Acres of well cultivated Land; the Buildings are in good repair; Barn entirely new; and the Dwelling House is situated on a rise, commanding a fine and extensive view of the surrounding scenery, and is peculiarly adapted to both a winter and summer residence. There is on it three orchards, two of which are young and thrifty; a good well of water, and a never fading spring, suitable for washing, &c.; also, a large pond of water in the front yard, which adds greatly to the beauty, as well as utility of the place. The Farm is generally in a good and improving condition, and for health and natural beauty, none surpassing it.—For terms, &c. apply to

BENJAMIN PAGE.

Portsmouth, April 16.

NOTICE,

THE Subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER, ESQ.

deceased, requests all persons having demands against said Estate, to present them for settlement, and those indebted, to make payment to

S. FOWLER GARDNER, *Executor.*

Newport, April 16, 1830.

WANTED,

A MAN acquainted with Farming and Gardening, and *who is willing to work*; none other need apply.—Enquire at this Office.

Newport, April 17.

Poetry.

STANZAS,

BY THE AUTHOR OF "RICHELIEU."

I've sat and seen one bright wave chase
Its fellow on the strand,
Then fall away, nor leave a trace
Upon the printless sand—
Though scarce the pebbles felt the shock
The waves have worn the solid rock!

I've sat and heard the autumn wind
Amid the branches play,
So softly mild, so blandly kind,
It scarcely stirr'd the spray—
Yet soon it bore spring's verdant birth
To wither on its native earth.

I've sat and seen the evening sun
Sink from the golden sky,
His long bright race of glory run,
And close his golden eye;
So slow he passed, scarce changed the light,
And yet he left the world in night.

And like yon sea is human life,
Events, like billows, roll.
Moment, on moment, strife on strife,
That change us, to the soul;
And joys, like autumn leaves fall fast—
Hope sets—and being's light is past

I've stood on earth's most daring height,
And seen day's ruler rise,
In his magnificence of light
To triumph through the skies.
And all the darkness of the world,
Far from his shining presence hurled.

All, too, that fades upon the earth,
Too weak to linger here,
Re-blossoms with a second birth,
To deck the coming year;
Shall hope, then, man's eternal dower,
Be frailer than a failing flower!

Ah no! like autumn leaves that die,
That bloom again in spring,
Fresh joys shall rise from those gone by,
And purer incense bring,
And when, like suns, hope sets in night,
Shall she not beam from worlds more bright?

FROM THE LONDON MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

EVENING TWILIGHT.

BY J. BOWRING.

Come with thy purple smiles, and bring
To Nature quiet rest:
Come, gentle light of eve, and fling
The dew o'er Nature's breast.

Send to the weary eye repose,
And happy dreams to night:
And bid the veil of darkness close
O'er holy loves' delight.

The rose-tree hides its fairest flowers
While eve glides gently by,
And life's most bright and blessed hours
Are hid in mystery.

I have a secret—but 'tis mine—
No word shall reach thine ear;
'Tis buried in my heart's own shrine,
And lock'd in safety there.

I will not tell my thought—nor shame
My maiden with a fear;
I will not tell my maiden's name,
Nor what I feel for her.

I told it to the silent moon,
She saw my hour of bliss—
The tears of joy I shed—the boon,
The beauty, and the kiss.

IRISH MELODY.

No more with the breath of thy blue misty skies
All warm do the visions of my bright arise,
Nor steals the wild thought o'er the foam curling wave,
To the phantoms of beauty thy loneliness gave.

There's a cloud on the beam should be brilliancy yet,
And the pang and the throb on thy bosom are met;
Each breeze, as it sweeps to thy rest on the sea,
Bears gloom for the joyous, a chain for the free.

And dark are the dreams of our wandering now,
And cold as the sorrows that shadow thy brow
Oh, the tone that so thrilled to the harp's happy strain,
Say—when will sad Erin awake it again?

FROM THE LONDON NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

PROVERBS.

"None is a fool always, every one sometimes."

Proverbs, old and respectable as they are, have one very juvenile characteristic—they speak in an oracular and decided tone, and appear as determined to settle the question for themselves, as averse from offering proof, or admitting contradiction, as any of the present race of youthful politicians, philosophers, or theologians. They may generally, however, plead their truth to excuse their dogmatism; but let us inquire whether the one at the head of this essay can produce this palliation of the bold impertinence with which it attempts to confound the widest distinction of intellect, and to make wisdom and folly occasionally exchange attributes.

The latter clause of the proverb, who indeed will attempt to controvert?—Are not all our neighbors frequently visited by asinine absurdity? do we not now and then find ample cause for shrugs and smiles at the silly conduct of our dearest friends? and is there not in the mind of each of us a lurking recollection of one or two occasions in our own lives when we happened to play the fool ourselves? True, *we* did it gracefully and amiably; some untoward accident, or generous weakness, occasioned so unwonted a departure from our usual course of wisdom and discretion; the cap and bells did not disfigure us as it does the rest of the world, but still we wore it, and accomplished in our own persons the sweeping sentence of the proverb; and if we and Solomon serve to exemplify its truth, who can hope to escape?

There are, indeed, few causes in operation which produce more numerous contradictions to the assertion that "none is a fool always," than a devotion to the mandates of that fickle and unreasonable thing called Fashion; for as its influence extends over every circumstance and every minute of our lives, its worshipers are incessantly occupied in the service of their divinity, and exposed to the bewildering effects of the fumes from her tripod; they listen unweariedly for her wild and fantastic decrees, and regulate their conduct by them from the time they lay aside their nightcaps in the morning, to the moment when they resume them at night. Fortunate for us, that she has not yet much interfered with the solitude of our bed-rooms, that she does not insist upon our sleeping in cocked-hats, or settle one sole shape and position in which it shall be gentlemanlike to seek repose! This severe and inexorable mistress admits, however, of no interruption in her service during the day which begins and ends just when she pleases; she regulates not only our serious but our trivial concerns; & is not less despotic as to the dimensions of a bow or bonnet, or a seal to a watch, than as to the mode in which we are to bestow our charity, or the place where we are to worship the Deity. Our virtues ebb and flow at her command; she annually determines what we are to call modesty; our maidens are ready to show their legs and shoulders whenever she pleases, or to muffle themselves like an old lady of former days, and sweep the streets with their garments. Our furniture, our food, our domestic arrangements, are all under her control; when we travel, she points the way; when we are ill, she sends our doctor, prescribes our medicines, and generally names our disease; the education of our children is entirely under her management, and it is she who decides how much they shall know, and what it is for which they shall have a taste. Devotion and benevolence, learning and patriotism, are merits or demerits, as it pleases her; literature bows at her feet; and Milton and Pope grows dusty on our shelves, when she tells us to admire nothing but *Annuals.*

But fashion reigns not less triumphantly, not less in defiance of reason and of taste over other scenes and other circumstances of daily life; and of late years its influence has extended into those middle ranks of society, from which less wealth and less leisure, more duties and more principle, should have barred its approach. It is true that women of ton and fortune are accountable and immortal beings, but when they fritter away their time, and money, and understanding, in the worship of [illegible] on they only "jump the life to come," and perhaps succeed in persuading themselves that "on this bank and shoal of time" on which their present lot is cast, they enjoy themselves prodigiously. But those misguided creatures who, with insufficient means, strive to be fashionable, spend a life of drudgery, sacrifices, and mortification, which Sisyphus and Tantalus would not envy. Their labor is ever renewed, their hopes continually disappointed, and just as they think they have touched the robe of the flying goddess, behold! she has changed her dress and they grasp but her second-hand old clothes. They turn from the fair and refreshing face of nature, from the simple and wholesome pleasures of domestic life; they abandon the elevating pursuits of a rational creature to follow the steps of one who derides their efforts, and who can scarcely be caught by any but those who pursue her in a coach and four. How often have I seen young ladies to whom, as economy was a duty, simplicity of attire would have been a moral as well as a personal grace, toil long and late to remodel a bonnet or a gown, to imitate the dress of their superiors in rank and fortune, and to appear at length in a costume always inappropriate and generally unbecoming, while fond and foolish parents praise their misdirected zeal and perseverance and whisper to a friend that the dear industrious girls make as good an appearance as if they spent 100l. a year on their clothes. The sacrifice of time, the growth of frivolity the debilitating effects of petty views, petty emulations, and petty devices on minds intended for better and nobler pursuits, are not taken into account. How often have I seen matrons exhaust their patience, and neglect their families, to obtain the reputation of fashionable women; fret over a curtain which is not in the mode; and purchase penury and restrictions for a year, in order to give one gay ball, which "The Morning Post" shall publish to a careless or a sneering world! How often have I seen men, and men of sense, soured, irritated, and ruined in the same pitiful and absurd pursuit!—But it is needless to multiply examples of the fools of Fashion's making; we see them around us in all directions, of all conditions and of all ages, absurdly anxious about trifles, and forgetful of the evanescent nature of the game for which they are hunting. Let us do what we will posterity will laugh at our costumes as we have often laughed at those of antiquity, and our grand children will be in astonishment and contempt at every one of the fashionable ornaments of our persons, our houses, and our equipages, which we are now so proud of possessing, or so provoked at wanting.

FROM THE BOSTON COURIER.

Mr. Owen has again submitted to the British public his views upon the present organization of society, and the best means of improving it. He admits that the radical change which would be necessary to make the condition of man coincide with his ideas of "eternal happiness," or in his technical phraseology "the necessary change in the arrangement of circumstances," cannot be made in this generation. The present age is too far advanced on the passage of life, and too deeply rooted in "circumstances" of wickedness, to participate in the benefits of the great moral *reform* which is prepared for our children's children. To enable succeeding generations to reap the ripened fruits of his system, he says, that the arrangements must be *preliminary* and methodical. In our apprehension this is the main difficulty in Mr. Owen's plan; he cannot catch children young enough. The moment they inhale the breath of life they seem to imbibe a repugnance to the benevolent Mr. Owen and his plan, which no after [illegible] eradicate.

In the present edition of his plan Mr. Owen assumes that *Happiness* is the object of all classes of society; to obtain this "circumstance" yclept happiness, therefore, is the end and aim. He gives the following [illegible] ... We acquiesce; as to the others they require some modification. [illegible] that men *believe* the whole ten, we cannot perceive that men thereby [illegible] happiness.

1. The possession of a good constitution, physical, mental and moral.

2. The power of procuring, at pleasure, whatever is necessary to keep the constitution in the best state [illegible].

3. That an education shall be given to the whole population, which shall cultivate, in the best manner, from infancy to maturity, their physical, intellectual, and moral powers.

4. The inclination and the means of promoting the happiness of our fellow beings.

5. The inclination and the means of continually increasing our stock of knowledge.

6. The means of enjoying a superior state of society, and, more especially, the power of associating, at pleasure, with those for whom we cannot avoid feeling the most regard and the greatest affection.

7. The means of travelling at pleasure.

8. A release from superstition, from supernatural fears, and from the fear of death.

9. That the origin of evil shall be removed from society—that is, the supposition that man has been so formed as to have the power to feel and to believe as he pleases; and that, in consequence of the removal of this erroneous supposition, that all shall be enabled to speak only what they feel and think.

10. That all the laws, institutions, and arrangements of society shall be in accordance with the laws of human nature.

Identity of the Vaccine and the Small Pox demonstrated.—At a sitting of the French National Academy on the eighth of February last, a [letter] from M. Robert, physician of the Lazaretto at Marseilles, was read, mentioning thirteen experiments, the history of which he submitted to the Academy, tending to prove that the virus of the small pox and the varioloid, diluted with cow's milk at the moment of [illegible], produces only a *local* eruption resembling that of the kine pock. He thinks that this demonstrates *a priori* the existence of a variolic germ in the vaccine pustule, and that it must lead to the conclusion that the vaccine [illegible] had no other origin than the accidental communication of the virus of small pox in man to the udder of [the cow], which he calls a kind of [illegible] ing, and considers as the [illegible] the mildness of the [illegible]

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, April 21.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

By the Packet ship Caledonia, Capt. Rogers, arrived yesterday from Liverpool, we received London papers to the 31st March, and Liverpool to 1st April.

The principal military movement now taking place in Europe, the preparations in France for an attack on Algiers, are going on with great activity, and on a large scale. The expedition it is said, in one account, will be ready to sail from Toulon on the 28th of April, and in another account on the 5th of May. Col. Habai, who commanded the Mamelukes of the Imperial Guards, is said to be charged by the Ministers of War to engage 40 dragomans for the African expedition. These dragomans are to be chosen from among the officers, sub-officers, and privates of the corps of Mamelukes, who escaped the fire of the enemy during the wars of the Empire.

Great expectations of the success of the expedition are said, in the Paris paper, to be entertained by the ministry and their friends. There is, however, a report at Toulon that the Circe frigate had entered Algiers with a flag of truce, it is supposed for the purpose of conveying to that power the *ultimatum* of France. "It is certain" says a letter from Toulon, "that great activity prevails on the coasts of Barbary and in the vicinity of Algiers. The Bedouins are moving in all directions, and it is said that every rock on the coast is mounted with a battery. The noted pirate Bavares, who has been for some time at Toulon, is to go back with the expedition. He has promised to bring the Dey into the French camp, if a company of determined men be given him. He is acquainted with all the subterranean issues of the citadel where the Dey has fixed his residence."

The Paris National of the 20th March, says that negotiations had been going on for the return of M. de Villele to the Ministry, but had failed. It is certain that the Ex Minister has disapproved of every thing that has been done by the Ministry since the 8th of August.

One of the most gratifying events of contemporary history is the liberation of Servia from the heavy yoke of the Turkish government. The Porte has determined to relinquish whatever was arbitrary in its mode of governing them and has granted them a charter of rights or letter of Independence, which was announced to a numerous assembly of Deputies of the province, in the early part of March, at the residence of Prince Milosch. By this charter they are allowed the free exercise of their religion, the right of choosing their Ruler or Governor as well as of regulating their taxes, their, local magistracies, and their internal affairs generally. The Porte now claims only a moderate yearly tribute, raised in whatever manner the Servians think fit. Prince Milosch, after communicating this new Constitution, proposed to resign his office; but the Assembly unanimously declared him the author of his country's freedom, and constituted him its ruler for life, under the name of "Sovereign Prince of Servia," the dignity to be hereditary in his family. The Assembly then adopted a resolution expressive of their gratitude to the Sultan, and took the oath of allegiance to Prince Milosch.—The Prince pronounced the Servians a nation of freemen, and promised to prepare and promulgate at an early period a code of laws copied from those of the most approved European countries.

Lord King brought forward his proposition for a repeal of the Corn Laws, on the 29th of March. The principle upon which he proceeded in an able speech, was, that all regulations which tend to restrict or prohibit the importation of any foreign commodity are both impolitic and unjust. It is impolitic because it tends to impede the exportation of British manufactures in exchange for imports, and it is unjust to make the [illegible] and middle classes pay 50 per cent more for the first necessaries of life, in order to give a bonus to the landed interest. The Duke of Wellington, in opposing the resolutions, took occasion to remark, that within the last two years, more than 3,000,000 quarters of [illegible] Irish grain had been imported into England. The resolutions were negatived without a division. The Morning Chronicle denounces the speech of the Premier on this occasion, as being [illegible] and [illegible] statesmanlike."

[illegible] March, Lord Aberdeen [illegible] the House of Lords [illegible] reciprocity treaty lately concluded [illegible] government of Austria. In [illegible] Lord Stanhope, who deprecated [illegible] treaties as tending to injure the already depressed shipping interest of England, Lord Aberdeen said that these treaties had already been demonstrated to have a beneficial effect.—During the last three years he said it [illegible] that there had been a progressive increase in the employment [illegible] shipping, in support of which assertion [illegible] state that 400 additional [illegible] had passed the Sound during the preceding year. Lord Goderich [illegible] 25 there was an increase [illegible] shipping as compared with that of all other states who had entered into these treaties of reciprocity with Great Britain, excepting Norway. He would venture to affirm that the number of English ships that entered any given port, was greater than the number of those which belonged to any other power, excepting of course, in some cases, the state to which the port in question might belong. Lord Ellenborough acknowledged himself a convert to the policy of these treaties, having formerly entertained an opposite opinion, which had yielded to facts.

The Morning Chronicle of March 30th, highly extols Mr. Cambreleng's Report on Commerce and Navigation, and quotes from it liberally.

The Austrian Government is taking steps to repress the banditti which infest the frontiers of Turkey.

The papers mention the death of Sir C. Baring, by suicide; the cause, not stated.

It is said the Greek government will not acknowledge the old Greek loans.

Letters from Madrid, bearing date the 15th March, state that the roads continued to be infested with strong parties of banditti, which rendered travelling very unsafe. The last mail from France had been plundered.

An express from Madrid to Paris, of the 18th of March brings the news that the King of Spain has given orders to all the authorities on the frontiers of the kingdom to arrest General Barradas, who commanded the late expedition to Mexico, but who was at the last dates in Paris.

The Russian fleet sailed on the 11th March from Malta for the Baltic.

The Portuguese government has issued a decree for the cultivation of the mulberry tree, as a commencement to the culture of silk.

France.—The Standard, of the evening of March 31st, the latest London paper in the country, says, the French Ministers are determined on a dissolution of the Chamber.

CONGRESS.

IN SENATE, Tuesday, April 13.

The bill to establish the office of Surgeon General in the Navy, was passed and sent to the House for concurrence.

The bill to exchange lands with the Indians, was then taken up, and Mr. Forsyth occupied the floor until the hour of adjournment.

Wednesday April 14.

Mr. Webster offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary committee to bring in a bill separating the office of Agent of the Treasury from that of the fifth Auditor. Several petitions and memorials were presented and referred, and several reports made on referred bills. The committee on Public Lands were discharged from the farther consideration of Samuel Henderson's case.—The bill for the relief of Beverly Chew, and others, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time. The same order was taken in regard to the amended bill concerning credits on duty bonds. The bill concerning satifaction for spoliations on the commerce of certain American citizens, prior to 1800, was ordered to lie on the table. The same order was taken on the bill relating to the Pennsylvania institution for the instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; and some other busines was transacted. The discussion on the Indian question was resumed, & continued until the Senate adjourned.

Thursday, April 15.

The resolution submitted by Mr Webster, providing for the appointment, of an agent of the Treasury, to superintend the collection of the revenue, and debts due to the government, was, after being amended so as to direct the committee on the judiciary to enquire into the expediency of creating such an officer, considered and agreed to.

The bill to organize the department of Attorney-General, and to erect it into an Executive office, was rejected, ayes 19, noes 22.

The bill from the House for the benefit of the relatives of the officers and seamen lost in the Hornet, was passed with an amendment, giving them six, instead of nine months pay.

The bill to alter the terms of credit on bonds for duties, was passed.

The remainder of the day was occupied on Executive business.

Friday, April 16.

Mr. Holmes offered a resolution requesting an explanation from the Secretary of the Treasury, concerning some passages of his report to the Senate. Some business in regard to private interests was transacted. The bill making appropriations for examinations and surveys, and for certain internal improvements, was further amended, and reported, by the committee of the whole to the Senate.—The amendments were concurred in; a subsequent amendment, offered by Mr. Dickerson, was rejected; and the amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill read a third time. Mr. Dickerson moved to reconsider the vote concerning the re-organizing the establishment of the Attorney General &c. which was rejected yesterday.

The debate on the Indian bill occupied the remainder of the day.

Saturday, April 17.

The Senate were wholly occupied this day, in passing private bills, and on business of a local nature.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

Tuesday, April 13.

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution, requiring the Secretary of War to report a new organization of the army, so as to reduce the number of officers—the debate on which continued until the expiration of the hour.

The House then took up the Buffalo and New-Orleans Road Bill, and the debate thereon continued until 4 o'clock, when the House adjourned.

Wednesday, April 13.

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution calling on the Secretary of War to report an organization of the army, with a reduced number of Officers; Mr. Vance spoke against the policy of reduction and the resolution.

Mr. Williams, of North Carolina, replied, after which Mr. Desha obtained the floor just at the expiration of the hour. The speaker then presented to the House the explanation which, by a resolution passed last week, Judge Peck of Missouri was permitted to make of his official conduct. The reading of this explanation occupied the House an hour and three quarters, when the call for the reading was withdrawn, & the document was committed and ordered to be printed, together with the petition of Mr. Lawless, presented by Mr. M'Duffie. The House then took up the bill to construct a road from Buffalo to New Orleans, which, after some brief discussion, was rejected by a vote of 105 to 88.

The House then adjourned, on deciding this question relative to the road.

Thursday, April 15.

The resolution directing the Secretary of War to report a plan for the reduction of officers in the army, was discussed until the expiration of the hour.

The House then, on motion of Mr. Mallary, proceeded to consider the bill to amend "an act in alteration of the duties on imports." The object of the bill was the more effectual prevention of smuggling and of other evasions of the revenue laws. Mr. Mallary, in a speech of upwards of two hours' duration, proceeded to explain the necessity for passing the bill, in an extended argument, in the course of which he read to the Committee various interrogatories and answers upon the subject, which he spoke of as having proceeded from a competent authority. Mr. Cambreleng inquired by whom those answers were given, which Mr Mallary declined to answer. Mr. Drayton, as a point of order, submitted that Mr. Mallary should not be allowed to read further, unless he would disclose the author of the answers. The Chairman decided that he had the right to read whatever he thought applicable—the committee must decide what value they would attach to it in doing which, they must bear in mind that the gentleman refuses to make known the source from whence the answers came.

When Mr. Mallary had concluded his speech, Mr. McDuffie moved, that the Committee lay by that bill, for the present, and proceed to the bill "to reduce the duties on tea and coffee;" which motion was agreed to, and the bill was taken up.

On motion of Mr. McDuffie, the bill was amended, by substituting a specific duty of two and a half cents a pound on coffee, instead of the ad valorem duty, and the period for the commencement of the reduction changed from June 30 to December 31, 1831.

On motion of Mr. McDuffie, the bill was further amended, by substituting a specific duty on the various teas, (amounting generally to about half of the present duty) instead of an ad valorem duty, and the period for its operation made the same as that on coffee.

Mr. Pearce made an unsuccessful motion to insert a clause, to allow, after a certain period, a drawback of nine cents a gallon on rum; when, the bill having been gone through,

The Committee, on motion of Mr. McDuffie, took up and agreed to the amendments of the Senate to the bill making appropriations for the light-houses &c.

Mr. Spencer moved the reconsideration of the vote of the House on Wednesday, against the engrossement of the Buffalo and New-Orleans Road bill; which, after a long debate, was ordered, upon a division by yeas and nays, by a vote of 95 to 91. The previous question was then asked upon the engrossment of the bill, but the call was not sustained by the House. A motion was then made by Mr. Sutherland to lay the bill upon the table; and the yeas and nays being demanded and taken, the proposition was adopted by a vote of 94 to 88. The House, at fifteen minutes past six, on motion of Mr. Findlay, adjourned.

Friday, April 16.

The House engaged on private bills during the chief part of the day. Previously, three bills were reported by Mr. Hemphill, from the committee on Internal Improvement, authorizing subscriptions of stock—1st, to the Morris Canal and Banking Company; 2dly, to the Delaware and Rariton Canal Company; and 3dly, to the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company. The resolution relative to a reduction of the officers of the army was taken up, and Mr. Tucker made some observations which occupied the House until the expiration of the allotted hour, when his remarks were arrested. The House then adjourned till Monday.

BY MAILS.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 1.

On Tuesday the 16th inst. the steamboat William Tell, while on her passage from Pittsburgh to New-Orleans, about 3 miles above the mouth of Red River, burst her boiler and sank in about five minutes from the time of the accident. Five lives were lost, and cargo intirely.

NEW-YORK, April 20.

Mexico.—Vera Cruz papers to the 20th ult. inclusive, have been received by the ship Virginia, arrived at this port. She brought $187,575 in specie.

A number of Spaniards have been admitted into the country, on presenting formal passports from the Government; but others have been refused, who had arrived on the coast with the expectation of being received.

Gen. Guerrero had gone to Heurtama with the escourt of 60 men allowed him as a body guard by the Government, under the command of Col. Victoria.—He has there met Gen. Monte de Oca, and Cols. Mongay and Codallos, and there it is said they wished to assemble forces. Gen. Salgado, who had fled from Cuenca, with a few men, is said to be seeking to join them.

The accounts vary as to the force which these Generals will be able to muster. There seems to be no doubt that an effort is making to reinstate Guerrero and his deposed adherents, but how strong it will prove is uncertain.

Private letters, dated at Vera Cruz, the day on which the Virginia sailed, state that the law prohibiting cotton goods had not been repealed, but was still under consideration in the senate; it had passed the House. All duties were required to be paid in cash—no government paper received as formerly.

April 21.

Colombia.—We published yesterday a letter from an intelligent gentleman in Carracas, which confirms the opinion that the breach between Venezuela and the rest of the territory which the ambition of the Liberator has been grasping at, is irreparable. There can be no doubt from the complexion of the most authentic advices that Bolivar has lost his popularity altogether. He may appeal as usual to the sword, but there is good reason to doubt whether this weapon will avail him at present.

The proclamation of Gen. Paez which we find in the Gaceta de Gobierno, is too sincere in its terms to allow us to entertain any longer the impression that he is ready to collude with Bolivar as he is charged with having done on former occasions. After pledging himself, in this proclamation, to the Venezuelians, to discharge his duty with fidelity, he says: "Should an invader by misfortune obtain a victory over you, remember what I now say, that he shall not enjoy the fruits of his fatal triumph without passing over my dead body.—For I am resolved not to survive ignominy. Venezuelians! I must inform you with frankness of the state of your political existence: it is in danger if you do not prove stronger than intrigue, calumny, and the power of ambition.—The Convention assembled at Bogota by order of General Bolivar, treating our wishes with contempt, has declared the fundamental law of union indestructible, charging the same General Bolivar to preserve the integrity of the Territory. He has voluntarily accepted the odious mission, after having resigned the supreme command, and is marching with an army to subdue the indomitable spirit of Venezuela. He draws his sword directly against the bosom of the mother who gave him being, and pretends to conceal the venom of revenge which is rankling in his bosom under the veil of obedience and submission to the national will. He will employ cunning to surprise and seduce you. Should they be inefficacious he will, more uselessly, employ force. And who can censure us for defending ourselves?—The aggressors will exterminate to establish themselves; we to preserve ourselves. The civilized world will stamp upon his forehead the crime of shedding the blood which is to flow, and acknowledge the justice of our firmness and even of our fury in the combat." In the conclusion of the proclamation he exhorts the Venezuelians to avoid discord, if they do not wish to become infamous to all posterity.

April 22.

Colombia.—By the brig Montilla Captain Beekman, which arrived last evening, advices from Carthagena to the 30th ult. and Bogota to the 14th, have been received in this city. The result of the mission of the envoys of the Congress to Paez, had not been learned at Carthagena. The Bogota papers of course contain nothing entitled to credit as to the state of affairs in Venezuela, our Caraccas dates being later by four days than the latest Bogota dates. Sen. J. M. del Castillo having been invited by the Congress to assist at its deliberations, has left the place of President of the Council of Ministers, and General Domingo Caicedo, has been appointed his successor, and is now, says the Journal of Commerce, at the head of affairs, "Bolivar having retired *temporarily* from the government on account of ill health!" We learn from the same Journal, that the new Constitution was still under discussion in the Congress.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 24.

STATE ELECTION.

On Wednesday last, the election took place in this State for Governor, Lt. Governor, Senators, and Representatives to the General Assembly.

In this town the following gentlemen were re-elected Representatives without opposition, viz:—Benjamin Hazard, Henry Bull, Eleazer Trevett, Wm. Ennis, jun. C. E. Robbins, and Edward Simmons.—The number of votes for Governor given in, was 229, of which 195 were for James Fenner, 14 for S. W. Bridgham, 12 for Asa Messer, and 8 scattering.

We have received returns of votes from all the Towns in the State except 3, from which it will be seen, that Gov. Fenner is re-elected by a large majority, but the result, as to the Senate, we think cannot be accurately known, until the votes are counted by the General Assembly.—As a number of tickets were voted for, containing names for Senators which were on opposite tickets, we are inclined to the belief, that it will be found that a part of both Proxies are elected.

The following are the majorities for Governor, and Senators, in the several towns —

	Governor.		Senators.	
	Fenner	Messer, & others	Adm'r. Ticket	N. Rep. Ticket
Newport,	162			62
Middletown,	5			48
Portsmouth,	19			82
Little-Compton,	5			23
Tiverton,	50		33	
Jamestown,	10			5
New-Shoreham,	64		83	
Providence,		368		403
North-Providence,	14			8
Cranston,	43		22	
Foster,	115		117	
Johnston,	44			14
Smithfield,	92		51	
Gloucester,	15			11
Burrillville,	50		40	
Cumberland,		1		16
Scituate,	72		48	
South-Kingstown,	133		65	
North-Kingstown,	100		20	
Exeter,	113		107	
Richmond,	93		83	
East-Greenwich,		20		40
West-Greenwich,	55		50	
Warwick,		119		75
Coventry,	16			10
Bristol,	138		100	
Warren,		69		91
Barrington,	38		28	
Total,	1446	577	847	889

The towns to be heard from, Charlestown Westerly and Hopkinton, will increase the majority for Gov. Fenner.

State Representatives.—In several of the towns, changes have been made. The following are the names of the new members, as far as received:—

Middletown, John Chase, in place Wm. Bailey, dec.

Jamestown, George Weeden, and J. H. Weeden, in place of former members who declined,

Providence, William Church, in place E. Carrington, declined.

Westerly, Isaac Champlin, in opposition to Nathan F. Dixon.

Charlestown, Dr. Dan King, in place David Clarke, declined.

MUNICIPAL.—At the Town-Meeting on Wednesday, H. Y. Cranston, Esq. chosen Moderator. Committees were appointed to report on the state of the Treasury; to settle with the Collector of Taxes and several orders were passed respecting highways, fire buckets, and other affairs.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—At the town meeting on Wednesday, the Report made in August last by the Committee, relating to Public Schools, was received;—and the following resolutions, after an animated discussion, was adopted by a vote of 64 to

Resolved, That it is expedient for the Town to procure a suitable site, and erect another Public School-House, calculated to accommodate at least 400 pupils, to be a Free School.

Resolved, That Sanford Bell, J. Martin and John Stevens, be a Committee to select and report, a suitable lot for the purpose, and to report the price thereof to the town-meeting in June next.

Resolved, That the Representatives of this Town in the General Assembly be instructed to use their exertions at the next session, to have the act for establishing the public school fund so modified, as to allow the appropriation of a sum therefrom sufficient for purchasing such lot, erecting and completing said school-house, and defraying the annual expense thereof.

Resolved, That the Town-Clerk make out and deliver to each of the Representatives chosen by the Town, a copy of these Resolutions.

The Euterpeiad.—We have received the first number of a new semi-monthly Miscellany, under this title, just published at New-York by Mr. G. W. Bleecker. It is beautifully printed, and is embellished with a splendid emblematical vignette. It contains in addition to the printed music, several pages of Poetry and Prose; every number will contain several pages of new and select music, by the best composers. The typographical execution of the number is very excellent; and the price only $3 per year.

LUM.—The Commissioners of the
n made their Annual Report to the
own-meeting, from which we make
lowing abstract:—

expenditures for the year ending
1830, amount to $2,704 96.—To
ese expences, orders were drawn on
easury for $2,506 79, leaving a ba-
in favor of the Asylum of $198 17—
as been paid in oakum sold, &c. and
n hand, amounting to $467 69.—
pences are less than last year, by
71, although the number of the poor
ed at the Asylum has been much
han other years) which was owing
reater measure to the Purchasing
ttee making their purchases of
, &c. on much more favorable

following are the items of expences
year ending April, 1830:—Board,
62;—Medical Attendance and Me-
126 46;—Clothing, 283 72;—
ements of the Farm and House,
;—Furniture, 47 11;—Incidental
, 285 16;—Junk, &c. furnished for
cturing, 176 36;—Premiums for
y, 68 28.—Total $2,704 96.

present number of the Poor at the
, is 72; males 34, females 38. Only
died the last year, which is a less
than any year since its establish-
—52 were received last year, and 41
ged; the number received is nearly
that of last year.

productions of the Farm exceed any
year, and it is now under a fine state
vation.—The products of last year,
0 tons of hay; 200 bushels corn;
potatoes; 573 do. onions, and 2232
do.; 58 bushels barley; 75 do.
do. rye; 170 do. beets; 20 do. car-
0 do. turnips; 25 do. parsnips; 300
gle wortzel; 13 do. flaxseed; 175 lb.
20 do. wool; 1000 cabbages; 1000
ns; 5355 wt. of Beef killed; 3450
ork.—The Stock now on the Farm
Oxen, 6 Cows, 4 young Cattle, one
80 Sheep, 20 Swine, and a quantity
try.—There are at present, 55 acres
d cultivated, 37 1-2 of which are
. Two acres of land, for an or-
ave been walled in, in which trees
set this season, and the Farm is
mproving in buildings, walls, &c.

CONGRESS.

wo Houses met on Monday last,
the purpose of attending the fune-
en. Alexander Smyth, who died on
y, after a short illness. The custo-
solutions having been adopted, an
ate adjournment took place.

FOREIGN NEWS.

rrivals at New-York, London pa-
March 31st, and Liverpool to the
April, have been received.—They
but little political intelligence of
t. Parliament was engaged busily
stic affairs, apparently with a strict
conomy, and reduction of expendi-

N. Y. Com. Advertiser in remarking
resent state of Europe, says:—
e intelligence of the most stirring
, is from France—that of the darkest
erest import from England. For,
standing the glowing and impatient
ment of the liberal presses in the
country, and notwithstanding, also,
f-jeering remark of the Duke of
gham, in the debate in the House of
on the 18th ult. that "Sir John Sin-
d shown that, between 1698 and
he country according to the predic-
Tsome, had been twenty-two times
and twenty-two bankrupt"—yet it
nd all doubt the fact, that Great-Bri-
at this moment in a far more critical
n than France—that her population
ring under an accumulated weight
y, all but insupportable—and that
lerable burthen cannot much louger
e, unless means be devised to
it."

ur Congressional Journal it will be
hat the bill for making a National
om Buffalo to New-Orleans, which
ected on Wednesday, was again re-
red next day, after debate, by a ma-
of 14 votes; the object of the motion
onsideration, is said to be, to have it
the table, and bring it up for con-
ion at the next session of Congress.

National Journal of Saturday last
ces, that the speech delivered by
rton in Executive session, on the
n of inquiry into the causes of re-
from office would, in a few days, be
ed in a pamphlet form.

eat dinner was given at Washington
dnesday, the 14th inst. in commemo-
of the birth day of Mr. JEFFERSON.
resident and Vice-President of the
States, the Secretaries of the De-
ents, and many members of Congress
d.—The Washington Telegraph of
day last is filled with speeches, and
, given at the dinner.

SHLIGHT.—The Steam Boat Rush-
Capt. Currie, will commence her
r trips between Newport and Provi-
next week. She has been fitted up
andsome style, and has new boilers;
peed is also much improved, as was
ed on the trial of her engine yester-

TEAM-BOATS.—The President, and
Franklin, arrived on Tuesday, and
nesday, in 13h 20 min.; and the Chan-
r Livingston yesterday morning in 14h.
n. from New-York.

male Preacher of High Rank.—The
ng, beautiful, and fascinating Irish
w, the Viscountess Powerscourt, is
aching and expounding the Scrip-
s at public assemblies in Brussels
eloquence and fervour. She opens
service with a hymn, of which, after
hing a piano-forte, she gives out the
ody and first stanza.

HAVANA.—By the brig Spark the edi
tors of the Baltimore American have re
ceived a letter from Havana, under
date of 3d inst. which says:—"The
last Correo, (No. 3) from Cadiz, brought
us intelligence that the ninety gun ship
Heroe was to sail immediately after from
Cadiz, for this port, with transports and
about 2200 men, to relieve these garri-
sons, weakened by loss of men whose
term of service had expired. She and
her convoy are daily expected.

FROM MEXICO.—The New-Orleans
Bee, contains intelligence from Mexico
to the 10th ultimo, and by an arrival at
Philadelphia papers down to the 17th
idem have been received. From the
information furnished through these two
sources we glean the following particu-
lars. The country continued to be
agitated, and much uneasiness was mani-
fested by the heads of the government.
The discussions in our newspapers con-
cerning the acquisition of Texas, appears
to have occasioned considerable disquie-
tude and jealousy among the Mexicans.

OSAGE VICTORY.—Extract of a letter
to the Editor of the Arkansas Gazette,
dated Western Creek Agency, 10th Jan-
uary. "The Osages have just returned
from a war expedition against their foes
the Pawnees. They arrived at their
town triumphantly, having met with un-
bounded success. They went to the
Pawnee town, about 300 in number,
and drove them, after a short but bloody
battle, into a large lake, when the Osa-
ges laid down their guns and chased
them in the lake with the tomahawk,
and massacred them before they could
make their escape. It is asserted by
them, that since their knowledge of the
Pawnees, they never have, as yet, had a
fight where so much blood was spilt."

FIRES.—Dr. Sherman's house, Og-
densburg, N. Y. was burnt with two
others, night of 9th inst. Dr. S. had
$1400 insured.—Capt. Barnes' house,
Greece, N. Y. was entirely burnt 6th
inst. while he was gone to an election
and the females on a visit. Loss $1000.
The extensive grist, saw and fulling
mills and carding machine of Mr. Luke
Pratt, Aurora, near Buffalo, New-York
were burnt on night of 7th inst. with all
the machinery, and 500 bushels of
wheat.

The Will of Mr White, who was late-
ly murdered at Salem, has been made
public. He left $141,000 in legacies
to various relatives; and the remainder
of his property, about $250,000, was
left to the Hon. Stephen White. No
trace of the murderer has yet been dis-
covered.

Sir Howard Douglass, Governor of
New Brunswick, has left London for the
Hague, to attend to the discussion of the
boundary question between the United
States and British provinces.

We learn by the arrival at Philadel-
phia of the barque Wyoming, in 41 days
from Marseilles and 36 from Gibraltar
that the expedition for Algiers was to
sail the 10th of April. The U. S. ship
Ontario, had arrived in quarantine from
Mahon, where she left on the 28th of
Feb.

A letter from Laguayra, of March
17th, to a genteman of N. York, says
"Venezuela is free, and independent.
There will be no civil war. The Con-
gress will meet at Valencia on the 30th
of April, and a constitution will be form-
ed on liberal principles. Reforms in
the tariff, beneficial to commerce, will
be made during the year. In fact the
country will emerge from darkness and
superstition to light and reason.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

Master Com. Gen. U. Storer has been
ordered to the command of the sloop of
war Boston, fitting at New-York for the
Mediterranean.

A father and son, named Gray, have
been convicted at Batavia, N. Y. of the
murder of Mr. Davis, of Le Roy.

A shed of Dr. Lamb, on Cumberland
Hill, Providence, was burnt on Saturday
afternoon. The Doctor's valuable horse
tied near the shed, being let loose, rush-
ed into the flames, and was burnt to
death. The fire caught from smoking
hams in the shed.

$700 were obtained by a ladies' fair
in Hartford, last week for the benefit of
destitute orphans.

The Boston Courier states, that a Miss
Low, while passing Hanover Street, be-
tween 8 and 9 o'clock on Friday even-
ing, had her work bag snatched from her
by a well dressed young man, who, with
a companion ran off, some gentlemen
pursuing them in vain.

Mr. Patrick Hollohan, walking up
Mott-street, New-York, about 6 o'clock
on Sunday afternoon, was accosted by a
respectable looking man, who asked him
the time of day. "With great pleasure,"
said the polite old man; but he had no
sooner drawn his watch than the thief
snatched it, and was out of sight in a
minute.

Several stores have recently been
robbed in New-York.

Gen. Root has been nominated at a
meeting of farmer's, mechanics, &c. at
Albany on the 17th inst. for the office
of Governor of that State.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—*Monday, April* 19.
(Reported for the Boston Patriot.)

At market this day, 215 Beef Cattle, includ-
ing 17 unsold last week, 11 Stores, 18 Cows
and Calves, 20 Working Oxen, 20 Sheep and
516 Swine. About a fair supply of Beef Cat-
tle for the season.

Prices—Beef Cattle, extra, at $5 1-4 a
5 37 1-2 good, 5 a 5 1-4; middling, 4 67 a 4 84
thin, 426 a 450. Stores—no sales. Working
Oxen—not much doing. Cows and Calves
—several sales at 18 a $25. Sheep—prices not
noticed.—Swine—trade brisk; one entire lot
ordinary, at 4c; 1 do at 4 1-2; selected lots at
4 3-4 a 5c; at retail 5 a 6c quick.

Prices of Wool at Boston, April 21.—Ameri-
can full blood, 38 to 48 cts.; 1-2 do. 33 to 36;
1-4 do. 33 to 36; 1-4 common 29 to 30; lambs'
washed 1st qual. 35 to 37; superfine 40 to 46;
spinning 1st sort, 29 to 30; 2d do. 25; 3d do
18 cents.

☞ *CHEMICAL LECTURES.*—Dr.
A. P. MOORE's Lecture will be given on
MONDAY EVENING, April 26th, at half past
7 o'clock.—The number of Lectures pro-
posed in the Season course, and which have
been given, was 16; but Dr. M. has found
it impracticable to accomplish what he wish-
ed to do, in regard to one or two other de-
partments of the science, in so limited a
number, and has therefore concluded to ex-
tend the number to 21 or 22.—The terms
of admission for the subsequent Lectures,
will be to all, the same as it has hitherto
been for such as have taken season tickets,
viz. 12 1-2 cents.

MARRIED,

At Providence on the 12th inst. Mr. Edmund
Townsend to Miss Louisa Ford, both of this
town.

DIED,

At Providence on Thursday last, Mrs. Han-
nah Talbot, widow of Mr. Benjamin Talbot,
aged 83 years.

At New-York on Wednesday last, Col.
Thomas Barclay, late British Consul General
to these States aged 77 years.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1830. APRIL.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water	Moon sets.
24 Saturday	5 9	6 51	8 16	9 3
25 Sunday	5 8	6 52	9 15	10 9
26 Monday,	5 7	6 53	10 14	11 9
27 Tuesday	5 6	6 54	11 13	morn.
28 Wednesday	5 5	6 55	aft. 9	0 2
29 Thursday,	5 4	6 56	1 2	0 46
30 Friday	5 3	6 57	1 53	1 26

Moon's First Quarter 29th day. 3h. 9 min. in the Afternoon.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

Wednesday, April 21.—Sch'r Spy, Fuller
18 days from Norfolk bound to New-Bedford,
having carried away the rudder, and lost the
deck load in the late N. E. gales.

Sch'r Sarah, Page, from Freetown for New-
York.

Sloop Abel Hoyt, Pease, from Nantucket
for New-York.

Thursday, April 22.—Sch'r Susan, Gotham,
25 days from Fredericksburg for Boston, via
Vineyard.—Sailed from Holmes Hole, April
5th, for Boston, and was blown off in the late
N. E. gales to lat. 38, lost bulwarks, jib boom
&c.—April 5th, off Chatham, in a gale parted
with sch'r Catherine, of Boston, from Frede-
ricksburg for Braintee, Me.—On Tuesday, 50
miles s. w. from Block-Island, saw a large low
decked vessel, supposed a Sch'r, both masts &
bowsprit gone, painted black, with a white
streak.

Sch'r Hitta Franklin, Gibbs, of New-Bed-
ford, 14 days from Philadelphia for Wareham.

Sloop Eliza Tyson, Witherell, from Pocota-
lego, S. C. for Falmouth.

Sloop Albany, Vars, from New-York.

Friday, April 22.—Sch'r Jane, Marshall, 18
days from Havana.—Sailed April 3d, in co.
with Brig Mary Ann, Norris, for Providence;
Gov. Hopkins for Bristol, and ship Pagoda for
Cronstadt.—Vessels left, not later than before
reported.—April 20th, lat. 37 long. 72, spoke
sch'r Lexington, 2 days from Rochester, on a
whaling voyage.

Brig Mount Hope, Carr, 7 days from Rich-
mond for Providence.

Schr Norman, Loring, 6 days from Portland
for New-York.

Schr Ann Maria, Pierce, 8 days from
Charleston for Providence.

Sloop Mary, Burt, 4 days from Philadelphia.

CLEARED,

Sloop Albany, Vars, Providence

MEMORANDA.

At Whampoa Dec. 30th, Ship Franklin,
Pierce, for Providence in 2 days.

At Hamburgh March 22d, Ship Newport,
Vaughan, from New-York.

Brig Eagle, Browning, 22 days from Matan-
zas for Boston, put into Norfolk on Sunday
last, on account of head winds.

At Cadiz, March 8th, Brig Ann Gadsden,
Northam, loading for New-York.

At Gibraltar March 14th, Schr Clito,
Chapman, for Vera Cruz.

At New-York, yesterday, Brig Sea Bird
Carr, 22 days from Porto Rico.

☞ NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the NARRAGAN-
SETT BAY COMPANY are hereby
notified, That their Annual Meeting for
the choice of Officers, will be holden at
Savings Bank Room, on TUESDAY,
May 4th, at half past 10 o'clock A. M.—
A prompt attendance of all concerned,
is earnestly requested, as business of
importance will be submitted to the con-
sideration of the Company. *By order,*
WM. G. HAMMOND, *Sec'ry.*
Newport, April 24, 1830.

New Boarding-house

M. WARD,

Begs leave to inform the Public,

THAT he has prepared his HOUSE
No. 2, Clarke-Street, for the re-
ception of BOARDERS, and pledges
himself that no exertions on his part
shall be wanting, to please such as may
call on him.
Newport, April 24.

20,000 Bushels of SAND, for Mortar.

PROPOSALS will be received by the
Subscriber, until the 15th of May next,
inclusive, for the delivery on the Wharf at
Fort Adams, Newport Harbour, of 10,000
Bushels of SAND, for Stone Mortar. The
Sand must be clean, course, and free from
pebbles, and the Proposals must be accom-
panied by a fair sample thereof. The deliv-
ery to commence about the 1st of July next,
and to be made in such quantities, and at
such times, as the progress of the work
may require.

Proposals will also be received during the
same period, for the delivery at said Fort
Adams, of 10,000 Bushels of SAND, of a
finer kind for Brick Mortar. The proposals
to be accompanied by a fair sample thereof,
and the delivery to commence by the 1st of
June.

JOS. G. TOTTEN, *Lt. Col. Eng'rs.*
Brevet Col.
Fort Adams, Newport Harbour,
April 22d, 1830.

☞ The Publishers of the R. I. Republican,
Herald of the Times, Providence American,
Providence Patriot, and Fall-River Monito.,
will please give the above two insertions, and
forward their Accounts.

NEW GOODS.

A NEW IMPORTATION OF

Dry Goods, AT TILLEY'S.

AMONG THEM ARE:—

Blue, black, olive and green Broadcloths
A complete assortment of Cassimeres.
Sattinetts and Drillings.
Fine gauze Fannels.
A superb assortment of Ginghams.
Italian and gro' de Nap Silks.
A superb lot of Calicoes.
More of those 12 1-2 cts. white Cottons.
More nice Tickings at 20 cents.
An elegant Assortment of Shawls.
Very wide Ribbons, at 8 and 10 cents.
Nice Cambrics, and sheer Muslins.
A large lot of Light Duck, of different
widths and prices, for sails.
And at least One thousand other articles.

ALSO,

A large and complete assortment of
Mitts, for Ladies and Children, very
cheap.
Newport, April 24.

LACE WORKING.

THE Subscriber wishes to employ
about ONE HUNDRED Young Ladies
to work LACE, for which CASH will be
paid immediately after the completion of
each Piece.—Enquire at the House of
Mr. A. V. TAYLOR, in Marlborough-
street, from the hours of 9 to 12, A. M.
and 2 to 5 P. M. each day.
THOMAS G. TURNER.
Newport, April 24.

NEW FASHIONS.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK,

THE latest Fashions for CAPS,
HATS, and DRESSES, by
M. A. TAYLOR & Co.
No. 170, Thames-Street.
Newport, April 24.

Connecticut Lottery, cl. 9

DRAWS THIS DAY.

$8,000 highest prize

Tickets $4—parts in proportion

Groton Mo. Lottery, cl. 23

DRAWS ON THURSDAY.

$10,000 high'st prize

Tickets $4—Parts in proportion.

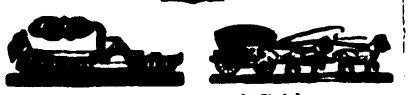
FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,
Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office o

J. C. SHAW.

DRAWN NUMBERS,
In Gr. Maine State Lottery, No. 3.
18 31 41 22 17 8 52 46 9
In Groton Monument Lot. class 22.
15 45 38 58 17 6 55 49 37 11
Newport, April 24.

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON STEAM PACKET LINE.

From Providence for New-York, DAILY,
Sundays excepted, touching at NEWPORT.



ARRANGEMENT FOR APRIL, 1830.

The BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Capt.
E. S. BUNKER,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
April 6, 10, 14, 19, 23, 29, at 2 P. M.
AND NEW-YORK,
April 3, 8, 12, 16, 21, 27, at 4 P. M
The WASHINGTON, Capt. COMSTOCK,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
April 2, 7, 13, 17, 22, 26, 30, at 12 M.
AND NEW-YORK,
April 5, 9, 15, 20, 24, 28, at 4 P. M.
The PRESIDENT, Capt. R. S. BUNKER,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
April 3, 8, 12, 16, 21, 27, at 2 P. M.
AND NEW-YORK,
April 6, 10, 14, 19, 23, 29, at 4 P. M.
The CHANCELLOR LIVINGSTON,
Capt. C. COGGESHALL,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
April 5, 9, 15, 20, 24, 28, at 12 M.
AND NEW-YORK,
April 2, 7, 13, 17, 22, 26, 30, at 4 P. M.
April 1st, 1830.

AUCTIONS

On Monday Next,

*At XI o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auc-
tion on the premises,*

A LOT of LAND on Easton's Point,
50 by 100 feet, formerly belong-
ing to Peleg Cranston.—Conditions
made known at the time & place of sale.
WM. LOVIE, *Auc'r.*
Newport, April 24.

Dancing Academy.

MR. DUNHAM,

IS now in Town, and will commence
his Dancing School THIS AFTER-
NOON, at 2 o'clock, at the Masonic Hall.
Newport, April 24.

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL PEWS in *TRINITY
CHURCH.*—For terms, &c. apply to
J. G. WHITEHORNE, } *Committee*
ROBINSON POTTER. }
Newport, April 10.

LEGHORNS, NAVARINOES, and
Straw Flats and Bonnets, of every
quality—together with a superb Lot
of Merino SHAWLS,—Just received at

TILLEY'S,

Newport, April 17.

Conn. State Lottery, cla. 9

DRAWS THIS DAY.

$8,000 highest prize

Tickets $4—Parts in proportion.

Cum. & Oxf. Can. Lot. cl. 4

DRAWS ON TEUSDAY.

$10,000 high'st prize

Tickets $5—Parts in proportion.

Groton Mo. Lottery, cla. 23

DRAWS ON THURSDAY.

$10,000 high't prize

Tickets $4—Parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.

May be had at the Lottery Office of

S. CAHOONE,

DRAWN NUMBERS,
In Maine Gr. State Lottery, class 3.
18 31 41 22 17 8 52 46 9
In Gr. Monument Lot. class 22.
15 45 38 58 17 6 55 49 37 11
Newport, April 24.

TO LET.

And Possession given immediately,



THE whole or part of the
Dwelling-House situated
in Thames-Street, nearly op-
posite the Estate of Capt. Wm. Norris.
For terms, apply to
MICHAEL EDDY.
Newport, April 17.

LOST,

*About two weeks since, at or near Bridge
Street, on the Point.*

A SILK CAPE belonging to a Pelisse,
of dark checker'd Silk.—Whoever
has found the same, and will leave it at
this Office, shall be rewarded.

Charlotte S. Burdick,

WILL Commence her SCHOOL on
Monday, April 5th, for the instruc-
tion of Children and Young Ladies in the
common branches of Education, viz. Read-
ing, Writing, Geography, English Gram-
mar, &c.—For terms, apply at No. 5, Old
Church Lane.
Newport, April 3.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Middletown, April 19

WHEREAS an Instrument of Writing pur-
porting to be the last Will and Testa-
ment of WILLIAM BAILEY, Esq. late of
Middletown, dec. was presented for Probate,
and Letters Testamentary thereon.—It is or-
dered, that the consideration thereof be referred
to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the
Town-House in Middletown, on the 3d Monday
in May next, at 2 o'clock P. M. and that pre-
vious notice be given, (by publishing a copy of
this order three several times in the Newport
Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at
said time and place, and be heard. *By Order*
WILLIAM SMITH, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Middletown, April 19,

WHEREAS the Administrator's first Ac-
count on the Estate of SAMUEL
MANCHESTER, late of Middletown de-
ceased, was this day presented for settlement
and allowance:—It is ordered, that the con-
sideration thereof be referred to a Court of Pro-
bate, to be holden at the Town-House in Mid-
dletown on the third Monday in May next, at 2
o'clock P. M. and that previous notice be given
by publishing a copy of this order three seve-
ral times in the Newport Mercury, to all per-
sons interested, to appear at said time and
place, and be heard. *By Order,*
WILLIAM SMITH, *Probate Clerk.*

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having received the
direction of the Supreme Judicial Court,
at the March term, A. D. 1830, deeds of Assign-
ment from DANIEL ANDERSON and NICHOLAS
ALGER, both of Newport, Ropemakers, of all
their real and personal Estates in trust for the
benefit of their Creditors, hereby gives notice
that six months from the date hereof is allowed
to the Creditors to present and prove their de-
mands against the said Anderson & Alger, res-
pectively.—All demands not presented and
proved within the said period, will be debarred
of any Dividend out of their Estates.
C. E. ROBBINS, *Assignee.*
Newport, March 10, 1830.

Retailing Molasses.

A VERY superior lot of MOLASSES, for Retailing.—*Also*, NEW RUM by the Hhd. or Barrel.—*Likewise*, A few Pieces Russia DUCK.

FOR SALE, BY
J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE.
Newport, Dec. 19.

Constantly on Hand,

ALL SIZES of American Round bolt IRON, from 4-8ths up to 1 1-4 inch.—*Also*, SALTUS, SONS & Co. celebrated CHAIN CABLES, of all sizes, from 1-2 inch up to 1 1-2 inch, and of any length to suit those who purchase. The Cables are warranted to be of the very first quality, and stand high in the estimation of the Navy Board, and all others who have proved them.—Satisfactory Certificates from many of those who have proved them, may be seen by calling at the Subscriber's Store, who is the Agent.—The above will be Sold as low as at the Factory; any one wishing to purchase, will do well to call.

ROBINSON POTTER.
Newport, Feb. 14.

George G. King,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFERS his professional services to the Public.—Office, in the Building of the R. I. Union Bank.

Newport, Feb. 13.

WOOL CARDING, AND CLOTH DRESSING.

THE Subscriber informs his old Customers and the public, that he continues, at his manufacturing establishment in Portsmouth, to Card Sheep's Wool of all grades.

CLOTH DRESSING.

He continues to *Dye and Dress* Woollen Cloths of every description, with real *Indigo Blue*, and all other colors required.

He will also manufacture Wool into Yarn or Cloth, which will be done with despatch, in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAMUEL CLARKE.

☞ Articles intended to be sent to the Factory, may be left with *Job Sherman*, [illegible] Chase's wharf, in Newport; *Sanford Almy*, Little-Compton; *Peleg Corn* Tiverton; or *Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol-ferry.

Portsmouth, June 4, 1829.

Wool Carding and Cloth Dressing.

THE Subscribers inform their Friends and the Public, that they have taken the UNION FACTORY, Portsmouth, R. I. (formerly occupied by *Moses Lawton*) where they are ready to attend to those who will please to favor them with their custom, in Carding Wool, [illegible] and Dressing Cloth, in [illegible], at the customary prices. [illegible] taken and manufactured [illegible] Cloth, on reasonable terms [illegible] They have confidence in be[illegible] long experience in manufactur[illegible] Factories has rendered them a[illegible] sufficient to give [illegible]

[illegible] Factory, may be left [illegible] Street, or R. R. [illegible] Newport; George Lawton [illegible] Gifford, Bristol ferry [illegible] taken by the Subscribers [illegible]

L[illegible] GRINNELL, jun.
DAVID BAKER.
Portsmouth, April 3.

Loaf & lump Sugar.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Mr. J. M. *Archibald*, of New York, Sugar Refiner, his Agent [illegible] *Loaf & Lump SUGAR* in Newport, he will keep constantly, and [illegible] on hand all the qualities by him manufactured, which will be sold by the Box [illegible] delivered here free of charges, at the New-York prices and credit.

JONATHAN SHAW,
Agent for J. M. Archibald.
Newport, Nov. 26.

INK POWDER.

[illegible]

[illegible] U. S. M[illegible] 17, 1827.

[illegible]

J[illegible] Cashier.

[illegible]

[illegible] giving *[illegible]* to their [illegible]

O[illegible] Cashier.

Post Office N. Y. [illegible] *19, 1827.*

[illegible]

good [illegible] Writing Ink.

[illegible] obedient servant
[illegible] P. M.

☞ [illegible] Sold by Wm. [illegible] J. H. B[illegible] and R. R. HAZARD in Newport.

January 9, 18[illegible].

N E W
GARDEN SEEDS.
EDWARD STANHOPE,
HAS FOR SALE,
At His CHEAP VARIETY STORE,
NO. 15 BROAD-STREET.

A LARGE Assortment of GARDEN SEEDS, from the SHAKERS and others, of the last Year's Growth, viz.:—

PEAS.
Early June
do. Golden hotspur
White marrowfatt
Green dwarf do.
Strawberry dwarf
Two podded
Prussian blue
Sweet marrowfatt
BEANS.
Red Cranberry bush
do. do. pole
White do. do.
Tender pod do.
Lima do.
Whipping do.
Albany bush
Boston do.
Cheshire do.
Refugee do.
Early six week white
do. red eyed
BEET
Yellow Turnip
Early do.
Blood and scarlet
Scarcity
Mangle Wortzel
SQUASH,
Dutch summer
Crookneck do.
do. winter
Sugar bush

CUCUMBER,
Long, Early, & India
Early Cluster
LETTUCE,
Early curled head
White head
Speckled, and Ice
CABBAGE.
Early Yorkshire
Drumhead
Savoy, and Red
Orange CARROT
Early horn do.
Salmon, scarlet Radish
Early scarlet turnip do
White, red and yellow
ONION SEED
Flat & long Turnip
French do.
Parsnip
Sweet marjorum
Cayenne and Squash
Pepper
Double Peppergrass
Sage, Burnet,
Summer Savory
Celery
Parsley, Nasturtion,
Lemon Balm
Sweet Corn
Sea Kale
White mustard Seed
Millet do.

A L S O,
SEVEN Different sizes of the NEW-YORK
PATENT PLOUGHS,
AND EXTRA CASTINGS.
Newport, March 20, 1830.

NEW & FASHIONABLE PAPER-HANGINGS.
Edward Stanhope,

Has for Sale at his Cheap Variety Store, No. 15, BROAD STREET.

A Great Variety of New and Fashionable

PAPER-HANGINGS and BORDERS.

From [illegible] Cents per Roll—Just received from the Manufactory.

Newport, March 2[illegible].

NEW HAY-SEED.
Edward Stanhope,
HAS FOR SALE,
AT NO. 15 BROAD-STREET.

12 Tierces TIMOTHY SEED,
Large and small Clover Seed
30 Bushels Borden's Grass Seed.
Red Top do. do.
Millet do. do.

Newport, March 27.

Wm. L. Melville,
TIN PLATE WORKER,
No. 162, Thames Street.

CONTINUES to carry on the above Business as usual, and keeps constantly on hand, a general Assortment of TIN WARE, and other articles in his line, to suit the market, and positively will sell them as low as can be purchased in the State, not excepting of Pedlars; those who wish to encourage their own townsman, will do well to call and satisfy themselves of the truth of this assertion.

Merchants, and Pedlars can be supplied at wholesale, as low as can be purchased in the United States.—Old Pewter, Lead, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in preference to Cash.

Newport, March 21.

DRIFTED.

FROM the Spar Yard about the 26th ult. a 22 inch white Pine MAST, eight square, from 65 to 68 feet long.—It has an oak comb cleat spiked on it, a few feet from the top end.—Whoever will give information where it can be found, shall be suitably rewarded.

R. P. LEE & Co.
Newport, April 3.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, &c.

Clerk's Office, [illegible] county of Washington, [illegible]

WHEREAS [illegible] Salvesmore [illegible] SHERMAN, of North Kin[illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] N. [illegible] Kingston, [illegible] JOSEPH WATE[illegible] of said North[illegible] [illegible] have been severally [illegible] said Court, for the benefit of the In[illegible] of this State, [illegible] January, 1828. [illegible] is therefore hereby given to their C[illegible] that they may appear, (if they see fit) before said Court, to be holden at South Kingstown, within and for said County of Washington, on the fourth Monday of April inst. [illegible] nominate Assignees, or oppose said Petitions.

MATTHEW WAITE, *Clerk.*

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber will on the 20th inst. remove from Dean's to Gyles' Wharf, (nearly opposite the New Custom House) where he will be regularly supplied as usual with all kinds of Fire Wood, and other articles usually kept on a Wood wharf.—*Also*, Eastern Lime of a superior quality, by the cask.—Flour for family use by the Bbl.—Being under the necessity of settling the concern while on Dean's Wharf, those indebted there will please call and settle their bills.

S. DEBLOIS.

☞ Large Vessels can be accommodated at said wharf, and also Storage for Goods.

Newport, April 3.

M. FREEBORN,
HAS FOR SALE, AT HIS
VARIETY STORE,
NO 19, BROAD-STREET.
A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

HAY, and GARDEN *SEEDS,*

OF THE LAST YEAR'S GROWTH.
Raised by the Shakers and others, warranted inferior to none.

PROVIDENCE PATENT PLOUGHS.

A very great assortment of
PAPER Hangings,
From 23 Cents to 3s 9d per Roll.

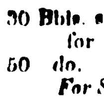
ALSO,
A GREAT VARIETY OF **SHOES.**

Crockery, Glass, Stone, earthern & wooden Ware; Nails; Cutlery; Dye stuffs.
All kinds of produce; utensils of husbandry.
Weaving, knitting & sewing COTTON.

DRY GOODS.
Such as Plaids, Stripes, Sheetings and Shirtings, Calicoes, Sattinetts, &c.
TOGETHER WITH AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES.
OF THE FIRST QUALITY.—AND
FLOUR,
At all times, by the BARREL.
NEW BUTTER,
Received daily from some of the neatest and best Farmers on this Island, and always sold as cheap as by any of my Neighbours.

Newport, March 27, 1830.

Beef, Pork, &c.

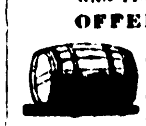


75 Bbls. Boston Mess No. 1 & 2 BEEF.
20 Bbls. PORK
50 boxes Candles, sizes, 40 lbs. each.
30 Bbls. superior Philadelphia FLOUR for family use.
50 do. Alexandria ditto.

For Sale on Dean's Wharf, by
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, March 27.

100 Boxes superior
SOAP, 20 lbs. each, for Sale by
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, April 3.

GEORGE KNOWLES
On Chase's Wharf, (between the Ferry and Horse-Boat Wharves,)
OFFERS FOR SALE,



40 Hhds. of first quality Retailing MOLASSES, new crop; 200 bushels St. Ubes Salt; 30 bbls. Pork; 50 quintals Codfish,—Grain of all kinds; Flour by the Bbl.; Good Butter; Cheese; and GROCERIES in general—all of which will be Sold cheap for Cash, or approved credit.

Newport, March 20.

Butter, Cheese, &c.

3000 Wt. Western BUTTER; 2000 lbs. CHEESE; a few bbls. Buckwheat FLOUR; Albany Ale; and an Assortment of Groceries;—For Sale on the Ferry Wharf, by

BENJAMIN C. EDDY.
Newport, March 6.

Commission Store.

J. W. EDDY offers his services to the public as an Auction and Commission Merchant. Unexceptionable reference given. Orders respectfully solicited.

In store, a variety of goods at reduced prices.

☞ The highest price given for Old [illegible], Junk, &c.

Newport, Jan. 16.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive the claims of the Creditors against the estate of

ELIZABETH HOSIER,

late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof, being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at our respective dwellings, during said period, for the purpose aforesaid.

DAVID BUFFUM,
JAMES CHACE, } *Commiss'rs*
JOHN CHASE.

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

JETHRO F. MITCHELL, *Adm'r.*
Middletown, 4th mo. 6th, 1830.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the late Firm of S. & G. BOWEN, are requested to present them for settlement; and all indebted to said Firm, to make immediate payment to

GEORGE BOWEN,
Surviving Partner.
Newport, Oct 9, 1829.

John B. Newton,
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS CUSTOMERS,

THAT he has just returned from New-York, where for the last Ten Days he has devoted himself to the purchase of his SPRING SUPPLY:—which are well worth the attention of Purchasers—being a more complete and Cheaper Assortment than ever offered in this Town.

☞ It is impossible to particularize all the Articles.—The Public are requested to call and see.

Newport, March 20.

NEW STORE
CONNECTED WITH THE SLOOP *ALBANY*,
JUST OPENED BY
Wm. & John Vars,
ON FOWLER'S WHARF.
Where they intend keeping constantly on hand, Wholesale and Retail,

FLOUR and Grain of all kinds—Albany Ale—No. 1 Mackerel—Butter, Cheese, Salt—New-York Crackers by the barrel,—and *GROCERIES IN GENERAL.*—Also, SCHUYLKILL COAL in quantities to suit purchasers.

Newport, Oct. 24.

[illegible] My Friends will please to take Notice if they do not wish to be led away. [illegible]

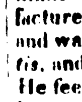
PARDON WHITE,



STILL continues to furnish the Store No. 95 Corner of Market-square, formerly kept by *Benjamin Marsh jr. & Co.* with all kinds of BOOTS & SHOES of the best quality, and on the most reasonable terms. All kinds of Boots and Shoes will be manufactured to order, by the best workmen, and warranted good.—Rips mended *gratis*, and repairing done at short notice.—He feels grateful for past favors, and solicits a continuation of the custom of his friends and the public.

Newport, April 3.

TO LET
And Possession given the 1st of April



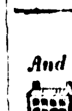
THAT pleasant and convenient HOUSE, situated in Howard Street, now occupied by Mr. *R. P. Lee.*—The House is in good repair, and has a very large Garden, with several kinds of fruit trees, &c.—For terms, &c. enquire of

ISAIAH CROOKER jun.

ALSO TO LET, The Brick Store in Market-Square, now occupied by John T. Tilley.—Possession given 1st June next.—Apply as above.

Newport, March 20.

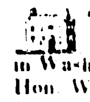
To Let,
And Possession given in April,



THAT [illegible] HOUSE, in Washington-Street, next north of the Hon. Wm. Hunter's, & now occupied by Rowland Hazard, Esq.—This situation presents a view of the Harbor and Bay, with its numerous shipping and Steamboats passing and re-passing, and within 100 feet of a convenient place for sea-bathing.—*Also*, Will be Let on the 5th of May, the Green House, situated near the north end of Washington-street.—*Also for Sale, or to Let*, Two Pews [illegible] Rev. Mr. Choules'. Meeting-House.—Enquire of E. TREVETT.

Newport, March 13.

To Let,
And Possession given on 1st of April next,



A FARM situated in the town of Plainfield, Windham county, (Conn.) about 30 rods from the Academy, on the turnpike road leading from Providence to Windham, containing about 240 Acres of choice land, well proportioned for meadow, pasture, plough and wood land, with a Dwelling-House, two barns, and other out houses.—Said Farm is well watered and abundantly supplied with Orchards.—For terms, apply to

DAVID KING.
Newport, Jan. 16, 1830.

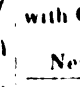
TO LET
And Possession given the 1st of April.



THAT large and convenient Dwelling-House in Broad-Street, formerly belonging to *David Williams*, deceased.—The House is in good order, and has a large Garden, with fruit trees, &c.—*ALSO*, A Shop, and one other Building adjoining, will be Let, either separate, or with the House.—For further particulars and terms, apply to EDWARD STANHOPE, in Newport, or to

JAMES CHASE.
Portsmouth, Feb. 12.

For Sale,



THAT pleasantly situated FARM in Portsmouth, on the west side of the Island, about 6 miles from Newport, (formerly called the Shrieve, or Johnston place) containing about 50 Acres of good Land, with a two-story Dwelling-House, new barn, and other out buildings thereon, and two valuable orchards. The Farm is bounded by the west shore, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure.—For terms, &c. which will be liberal, apply to JAMES CHACE.

Middletown, 2d of 1st mo. 1830.

Wm. James Tilley

HAVING now completed taking account of his Stock, has determined to clear out with the following [illegible]

Nice Plush for hoods and trimming of every description, at 33 cts. the [illegible] nice black worsted Hose, at 33 & 37 the pair; American Ginghams, [illegible] colours, 10 cents the yd.; good [illegible] Chex for 10 cents; good black [illegible] white Leghorn Bonnetts $1 50 each; nice Silk Vestings, worth 9s, for [illegible] 75 cts.; black Bombazeen, quite [illegible] 25 cts the yd.; long black silk [illegible] at 25 cents the pair, which will [illegible] two short pairs; long white kid gloves at 25 cts. that will make one pair [illegible] besides the gloves; a lot of C[illegible] Gimps and braids, for about nothing.

Newport, Feb. 13.

JAMES MUMFOR[illegible]
No. 99 *THAMES-STREET.*

HAS just received from New-York [illegible] extensive Assortment of *FALL* [illegible] *WINTER GOODS*, which he is [illegible] very low, among which are:—Broadcl[illegible] Cassimeres, Pelise Cloths, merino C[illegible] sians of different shades, plaid Camb[illegible] French, English and American Cal[illegible] very handsome; Valencia shawls; S[illegible] plaids; Presidential and furniture ch[illegible] black and white merino hdkfs.; ribb[illegible] plain women's worsted hose; black colored English ginghams; point and Blankets; rich black florence lutest[illegible] Scotch and swiss Muslin; black, [illegible] green and blue bombazets; silk & w[illegible] bran's and cords; red, green, yellow white English flannels, Russia Du[illegible] bang-up-cord; drab kerseys—and [illegible] ral an Assortment as can be found [illegible] Dry Goods Store, and will be sold [illegible] as can be bought at any store in town.

ALSO, A [illegible] ortment of [illegible] the bleached and [illegible] Shirting Sheeting [illegible] ticking.

Newport, Dec.

PROBATE NOTICES

Court of Probate, Newport, April 5,

WHEREAS [illegible] instrument of Writing [illegible] the last Will and [illegible] of Ca[illegible] HENRY HUNTER, [illegible] Newport, [illegible] was presented for [illegible] testamentary thereon,—It [illegible] consideration thereof be [illegible] Probate, to be holden [illegible] Newport, on the first [illegible] in May [illegible] 9 o'clock A. M. and that [illegible] given, (by publishing a [illegible] this order [illegible] several times in the [illegible] Mercury) to all persons interested to ap[illegible] said time and place, and be heard. *B[illegible]*

[illegible] B. HOWLAND, *Probate C[illegible]*

Court of Probate, Newport, April [illegible]

WHEREAS application was this d[illegible] for Administration on the E[illegible] ELIZABETH COGGESHALL, late [illegible] port, deceased:—It is ordered, that the [illegible] tion thereof be referred to a Court [illegible] bate, to be holden at the State-House [illegible] port, on the first Monday in May next [illegible] o'clock P. M. and that previous notice [illegible] by publishing a copy of this order three times in the Newport Mercury, to all interested to appear at said time and p[illegible]

By Order,
[illegible] HOWLAND, *Probate*

Court of Probate, Newport, April [illegible]

WHEREAS the Commissioners R[illegible] Claims on the Estate of JA[illegible] PLOTT, late of Newport, dec. was p[illegible] for allowance:—It is ordered, that [illegible] sideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House port, on the first Monday in May ne[illegible] o'clock A. M. and that previous notice [illegible] by publishing a copy of this order [illegible] ral times in the Newport Mercury, [illegible] sons interested to appear at said [illegible] place, and be heard. *By O[illegible]*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate*

Court of Probate, Tiverton, April [illegible]

WHEREAS application has [illegible] made for Administration o[illegible] of E[illegible] ALMY, late of Tiv[illegible] ner, deceased;—And it was o[illegible] ou, That the consideration thereof [illegible] to a Court of Probate, to be hol[illegible] of Capt. George Lawton, in [illegible] first Monday of May next, at 9 [illegible] Notice is therefore hereby giv[illegible] interested to appear at said time and [illegible] they shall be heard. *By Ord[illegible]*

ASA GRAY, *Probate*

ASSIGNEE'S NOTI[illegible]

THE Subscriber having received [illegible] direction of the Supreme Judic[illegible] an Assignment from THOMAS ST[illegible] of Newport, Grocer, of all his real an[illegible] Estate, in trust for the benefit of his [illegible] hereby gives notice, that six mo[illegible] March 6th, is allowed to present [illegible] their demands against said STACEY.—not established before the expiratio[illegible] term, will be debarred from any D[illegible] said Estate.

BENJ. MARSH, jun. [illegible]
Newport, March 12, 1830.

VEGETABLE CER[illegible]

HAIR Restorative and pre[illegible] Vegetable CERATE; simple[illegible] ture and wonderful in its operation. [illegible] portant discovery of a Vegetable [illegible] capable of restoring and preserving [illegible] was accidentally made by an indiv[illegible] has neither the capacity, nor the d[illegible] practice deception or fraud. The [illegible] ance may be placed on the efficacy [illegible] of the Vegetable Cerate, and not on[illegible] ing and preventing the falling off o[illegible] but in producing the neatest lustre [illegible] ness of it imaginable; and the publi[illegible] assured that its effects will be cle[illegible] fested in the course of a short time [illegible] newal of a vigorous growth of the [illegible] effectually preventing its coming ou[illegible] off. The Vegetable Cerate tends t[illegible] and excite the energies of the capill[illegible] which constitute those organs that [illegible] matter forming the hair; these, like [illegible] organs of the animal body, which h[illegible] a state of dormancy or disease, may [illegible] to their healthy action, and perfor[illegible] unctions assigned them by nature.

☞ The above Cerate is for [illegible] Office as Agents for the Proprieto[illegible]

Newport, June 6